



Micah 4:1-5 - *The Lord establishes hope*

Scan back over chapters 1-3. How do the promises of chapter 4:1-5 contrast with the rest of Micah's message so far?

Micah sets this promise "in the last/later days"- his audience would probably have had Deuteronomy 4:25-31 in mind when they heard this. How would that affect their understanding of the passage?

What do you find most appealing or striking about the promises in this passage? Why?

In the service we looked at John 12:20-36, how does that help us see Micah 4 in a new light?

Micah was writing centuries before Jesus... in the light of the New Testament which parts of this promise do we already see partially fulfilled?

Which parts of this promise remain unfulfilled? Is that encouraging or painful? How does that affect the way that we act and pray?

Does this passage affect how you would think about evangelism?